

Con il sostegno di



FONDAZIONE DI
VENEZIA



1563
1563
Università
Ca' Foscari
Venezia

Premi Nobel in Cattedra



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La cerimonia si svolgerà in lingua inglese

Si richiede conferma di partecipazione a
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Info
Ufficio Promozione Culturale
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Muhammad Yunus

Venezia
2 ottobre 2018

Muhammad Yunus, (born June 28, 1940, Chittagong, East Bengal [now Bangladesh]), Bangladeshi economist and founder of the Grameen Bank, an institution that provides microcredit (small loans to poor people possessing no collateral) to help its clients establish creditworthiness and financial self-sufficiency. In 2006 Yunus and Grameen received the Nobel Prize for Peace.

After teaching economics at Chittagong University from 1961 to 1965, Yunus won a Fulbright scholarship. He studied and taught at Vanderbilt University from 1965 to 1972, earning a Ph.D. in economics in 1969. He returned to Chittagong University as head of the economics department in 1972 and began studying the economic aspects of poverty in 1974 as famine swept through Bangladesh. Yunus even asked students to assist farmers in the fields, but he concluded that agricultural training alone would not benefit the large population of landless poor who had no assets. What the poor needed, he believed, was access to money that would help them build small businesses; traditional moneylenders charged usurious interest. In 1976 Yunus began a program of "micro" loans, a credit system designed to meet the needs of the poor in Bangladesh. Borrowers, whose loans may be little more than \$25, join lending groups. The Bangladesh government made the Grameen Bank Project an independent bank in 1983, with the government owning a minority stake. The Grameen model has spurred other forms of microlending around the world.

Yunus wrote several books, including *Building his new economic theory called Social Business: The New Kind of Capitalism That Serves Humanity's Most Pressing Needs* (2010) and *A World of Three Zeroes: The New Economics of Zero Poverty, Zero Unemployment, and Zero Net Carbon Emissions* (2017). His honours include Bangladesh's prestigious Independence Day Award (1987), the World Food Prize (United States, 1994), and the U.S. Presidential Medal of Freedom (2009). He was the first recipient of the King Hussein Humanitarian Award (Jordan, 2000).

Martedì 2 ottobre 2018

ore 17.00

Auditorium Santa Margherita

Dorsoduro 3689, Venezia

Saluti istituzionali

Michele Bugliesi

Rettore Università Ca' Foscari Venezia

Laudatio

Carlo Bagnoli

Professore di Pianificazione Strategica

Università Ca' Foscari Venezia

**Conferimento della
Ca' Foscari Honorary Fellowship
a Muhammad Yunus**

Lectio Magistralis

**A WORLD OF THREE ZEROS:
THE NEW ECONOMICS OF ZERO
POVERTY, ZERO UNEMPLOYMENT,
AND ZERO NET CARBON EMISSIONS**

Muhammad Yunus

Nobel Peace Laureate

Bangladeshi Economist

Domande dal pubblico

Modera

Stefano Campostrini

Professore di Statistica Sociale

Università Ca' Foscari Venezia