



Ca' Foscari University of Venice

Department of Philosophy and Cultural Heritage



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Thursday 2019 Feb. 21 h. 2.30-3.30 p.m. Malcanton Marcorà Palace, Aula Valent

Dorsoduro 3484/D 30123, Venice

We present historical celestial observations of transient phenomena like supernovae, comets, northern lights, and halo effects, all from Arabia and Europe, observed by the unaided eye or with telescopes in the 16th and 17th century. Terra-Astronomy is the study of transient phenomena that potentially affect Earth -studied with various terrestrial archives. The idea of Terra-Astronomy is to obtain progress by critical analysis of historically observed transients for astrophysical problems, e.g. light curves of supernovae, orbits of comets, and reconstruction of past solar activity. Studying historical observing reports can also advance our understanding of observing techniques and knowledge building (e.g. Brahe and al-Mutahhar on the nature of the comets and supernovae of their time), scientific disputes (e.g. Marius and Argoli about possible connections between comets and sunspots), and the inspiration of religious ideas (in the reformation aftermath) by the appearance of celestial transients, in particular the impact of halo effects.

Workshop ERC EarlyModernCosmology

Astrophysical and cultural relevance of historical celestial

observations - examples from the 16th and 17th century

Ralph & Dagmar Neuhäuser University Jena - Astrophysical Institute and University Observatory, Jena (GE)

Guests hosted by the ERC endeavor EarlyModernCosmology GA 725883 Introduction by prof. **Pietro Omodeo**