



Participatory Practices: from engagement to co-curation

Università

Ca'Foscari

Venezia

Lucrezia Gigante (University of Leicester)

UNESCO Chair | Water, Heritage and Sustainable Development







A little bit about me..







CULTURAL CITIZENSHIP AND PARTICIPATORY PRACTICES

DSCUSS



PARTICIPATORY PRACTICES AS RESEARCH METHODS

PARTICIPATORY PRACTICES IN MUSEUMS

STRATEGIC DOCUMENTS FROM THE SECTOR

Participatory practices as research methods Part 1

PARTICIPATORY RESEARCH METHODS



PARTICIPATORY MAPPING DRAMA AND PERFORMANCES PARTICIPATORY PHOTOGRAPHY PARTICIPATORY VIDEO PRODUCTION DRAWING CREATIVE WRITING

ΡΔΚΙΠΊΡΔΙΙΚΥ KFZF7KI.H METHONS Who's the expert?

pose questions of power by establishing a horizontal relationship between participants and researchers;

invite participants to shape outcomes and be heard

involve a relations communities



encompass open-ended processes that hold space for individual meaning-making and pluralistic narratives



engage participants in the co-production of knowledge as co-researchers

Kindon, Sara, Rachel Pain, and Mike Kesby, eds. *Participatory Action Research Approaches and Methods*. London-New York: Routledge, 2007. Reason, Peter, and Hilary Bradbury, eds. *Handbook of Action Research: Participative Inquiry and Practice*. 2nd ed. London: SAGE, 2008.

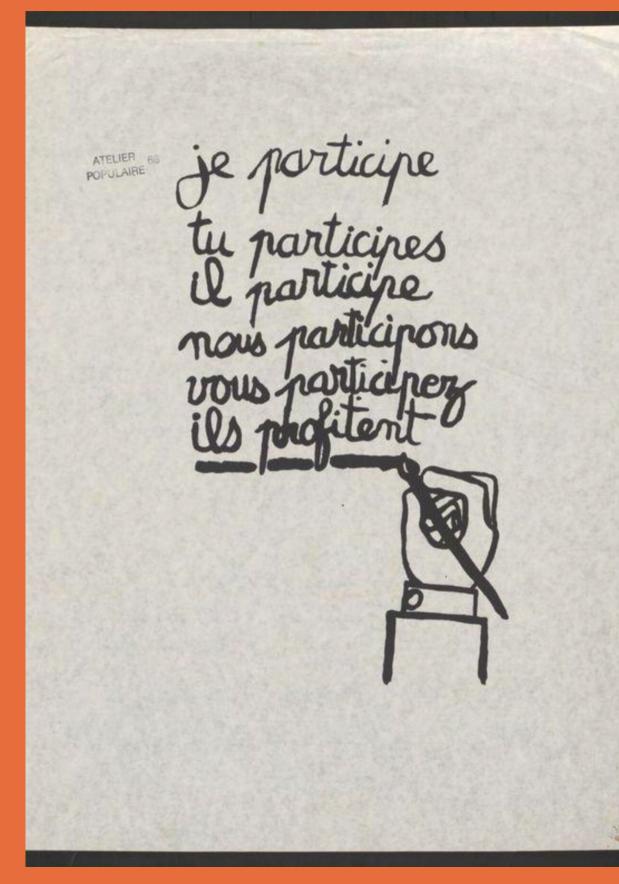
involve a relationship of trust between researchers/facilitators and



DISCUSSION:

WHAT IS PARTICIPATION?





Je participe..., Atelier Populair, 1968. On display at V&A, London.

PARTICIPATORY PRACTICES IN MUSEUNS

what language? what values? whose agency? whose agenda?

PAKII:PAIUKY PRACTICES **IN MISFINS** also risk of failure KEY POINTS & PRINCIPLES

doing with, rather than doing to or for - horizontality!

community involvement in decision-making processes

a sense of ownership from both the community and the museum

open-ended processes that hold space for individual meaning-making but

trust, mutuality, respect, polivocality are at the core of these practices

A BIT OF THEORY FRO MUSEUM STUDIES

XIX CENTURY **MUSEUM**

Top-down approach Educational mission

Bennett (1995)

NEW **MUSEOLOGY**

Problematisation of power dynamics

Vergo (1989)

POST-MODERN MUSEUM

Polyvocal knowledge Audience-centred approach

Hooper-Greenhill (2000)





SOCIAL ACTIVISM

Agents of social change Arenas of cultural democracy

A BIT OF THEORY FRO MUSEUM STUDIES



XIX **CENTURY MUSEUM**

Top-down approach Educational mission

Bennett (1995)



NEW **MUSEOLOGY**

Problematisation of power dynamics

Vergo (1989)



POST-MODERN MUSEUM

Polyvocal knowledge Audience-centred approach

Hooper-Greenhill (2000)





SOCIAL ACTIVISM

Agents of social change Arenas of cultural democracy

A BIT OF THEORY FRO MUSEUM STUDIES

XIX **CENTURY** MUSEUM

Top-down approach Educational mission

Bennett (1995)

NEW **MUSEOLOGY**

Problematisation of power dynamics

Vergo (1989)

POST-MODERN MUSEUM

Polyvocal knowledge Audience-centred approach

Hooper-Greenhill (2000)



SOCIAL ACTIVISM

Agents of social change Arenas of cultural democracy

A BIT OF THEORY FROM MUSEUM STUDIES



XIX CENTURY MUSEUM

Top-down approach Educational mission

Bennett (1995)



NEW MUSEOLOGY

Problematisation of power dynamics

Vergo (1989)



POST-MODERN MUSEUM

Polyvocal knowledge Audience-centred approach

Hooper-Greenhill (2000)



SOCIAL Activism

Agents of social change Arenas of cultural democracy

Museums without borders, 2016

The four touchstones of community building are: 1. idealism, i.e. being socially responsive rather than just aware of community needs 2. intimacy, i.e. developing quality communication 3. depth

4. interconnectedness, i.e. building mutuality

SANDELL

KICHAKU

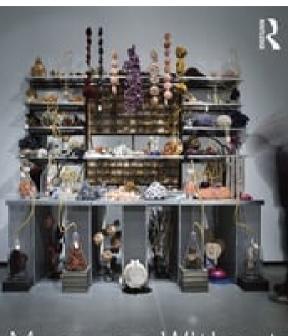


Minicums, Society, Inequality Edited by Richard Sandell



Museums, Society, Inequality, 2002

'Museums are agents of social change and wellbeing. As such, they have a responsibility to represent all members of the audience (or try), offer a platform for critical discourse, challenge social exclusion by tearing down the barriers of access – be these physical or intellectual.'



Museums Without Borders

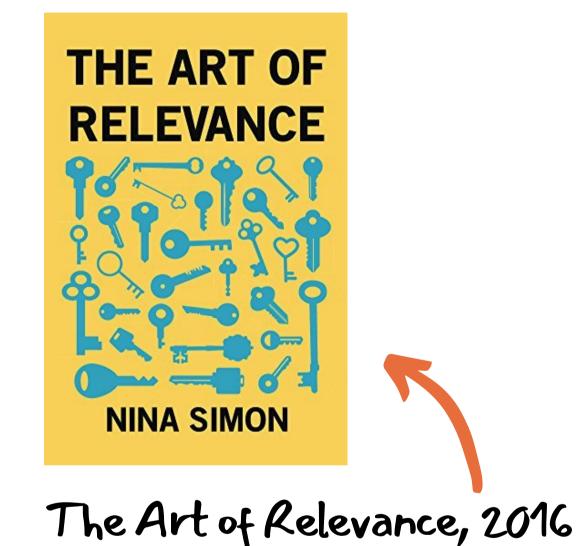
Selected Writings of Robert R. Janes

ROBERT R. JANES

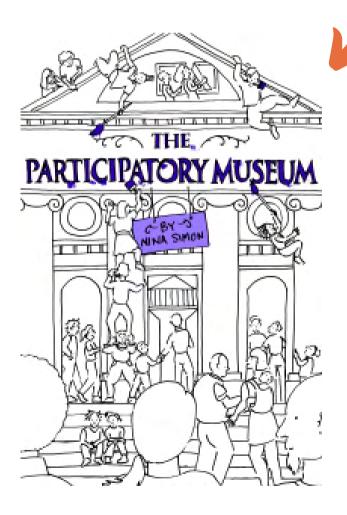
The Participatory Museum, 2010

'I dream of a comparable future institution that is wholly participatory, one that uses participatory engagement as the vehicle for visitor experiences. [...] A place where people discuss the objects on display with friends and strangers, sharing diverse stories and interpretations. A place where people are invited on an ongoing basis to contribute, to collaborate, to co-create, and to co-opt the experiences and content in a designed, intentional environment. A place where communities and staff members measure impact together. A place that gets better the more people use it.'

NINA SINON



'Everybody starts at the front door. People need a reason to walk through the door the first time, and more likely than not, it will be based on something they already expect you to offer, something that fits the keychain the world handed them. But if you can go deeper, you can go further. If you can be relevant to how people define themselves in their hearts, you can open up more doors. You can reach people who weren't societally selected into your room. You can build a bigger room. You can matter more to more people.'



APPROACHES TO PARTICIPATION

COLLABORATION

Open-ended collaborative activity

CONTRIBUTION

User-generated content for institutionally controlled process

03



CONSULTATION

The museum gathers and listens to feedback to address specific needs

ACCESS

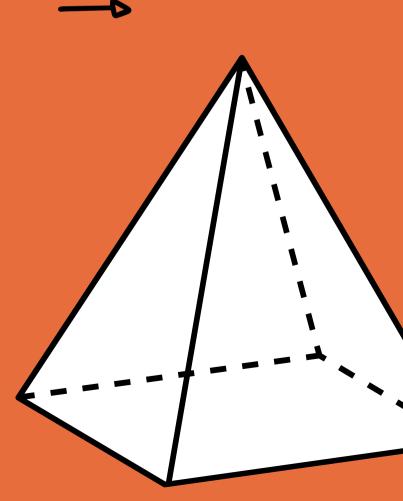


CO-CREATION

Collective output and shared ownership









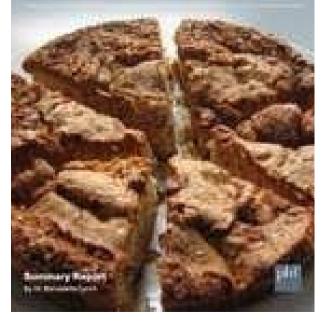
Good for you but I don't care, 2017

'Being included in what Frase memorably calls 'invited spaces' is no guarantee of participation as visitors are often beneficiaries rather than agents.'

Whose cake is it anyway?, 2011

Paol Hamlyn Foundation

Whose cake is it onyway?



PARTICIPATORY PROJECTS ARE ABOUT BOTH PROCESS AND PRODUCT

DEFINE GOALS FOR PARTICIPANTS, STAFF AND NON-PARTICIPANTING AUDIENCES

MEASURE IMPACT AS YOU GO

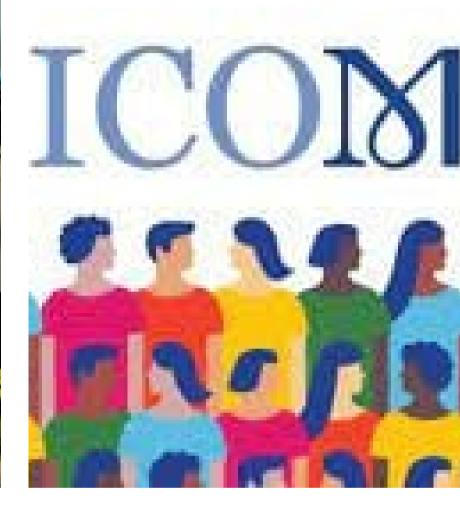
EVALUATION CAN ALSO BE PARTICIPATORY

QUALITY OVER QUANTITY

American Alliance of Museums

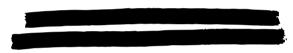


Sector-relevant strategic documents



Case studies Part 3

HANDS-ON PARTICIPATORY WORKSHOPS



Museo Salvador Allende, Santiago, Chile



ARTIST-RUN PARTICIPATORY WORKSHOPS

Chiara Dell'Erba, *The Chimera Plantarium Project*, Edna G Olds Academy

in collaboration with Primary, Nottingham, UK



weareprimary.org/projects-archive/chimera-plantarium-project?rq=Plantarium

COMMUNITY CONVERSATIONS

Museum of Art and History (MAH), Santa Cruz, USA



COMMUNITY-LED TOURS

Primary, Nottingham, UK



COMMUNITY SOURCING

Open Eye, Liverpool, UK



GET INVOLVED: THE STORY OF LIVERPOOL CITY REGION THROUGH ITS TREES

https://openeyestories.org.uk/treesproject

LIMMUNI SOURCING

Sound, Aberdeen, UK





The COVID-19 Sound

Balti

Map is a crowd-sourced project where the public was invited to consider everyday aural environments which had changed as a result of restrictions put in place around the world during

Czechia

Slovakia

Frozen Lake - Ossingen Birdsong - Varaždin

Austria

Potsdam

Erpel

PSA

Romanie



Birmingham Museum & Art Gallery, The Past is now

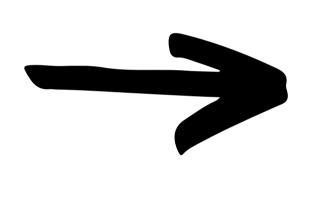


COMMUNTY-LED EXHIBITIONS

Museo Salvador Allende, Santiago, Chile







COVID-19 Covintion

- Renegotiation of social space
- Blended approach to engagement strategies
- Digital divide vs accessibility
- Localism vs globalism
- Precariousness + wellbeing of museum workers

PARTICIPATORY PRACTICES:

- Who is your community?
 What values?
- What are the resources available?
- What are the expectations?
- What are the mutual benefits?
- Is your goal measurable?
 Is it sustainable?

Dan Perjovschi

